

Food and Agriculture Policy (FAP) Summit

Ankara-November 07, 2018

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The Nutrition Dilemma -

A balanced diet not exceeding the daily calorie intake

but delivering all micro-nutrients sufficiently





The base of a healthy nutrition has to be a

Balanced Diet

but in reality:





our societies worldwide are increasingly impacted by NCDs (noncommunicable diseases)

Diabetes

Cancer

CVDs

Statement



Noncommunicable Diseases 4 Diseases, 4 Modifiable Shared Risk Factors

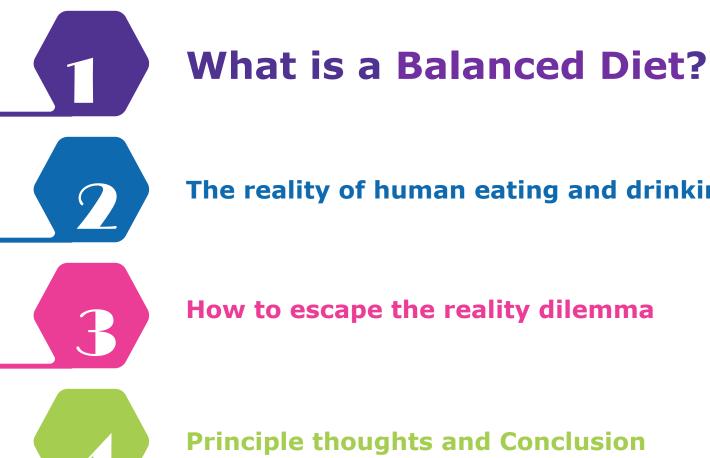
	Tobacco Use	Unhealthy diets	Physical Inactivity	Harmful Use of Alcohol
Cardio- vascular				
Diabetes				
Cancer				
Chronic Respiratory				



Noncommunicable Diseases World Health Organization



Content



The reality of human eating and drinking behavior



Balanced Diet **Definitions**

What is a balanced diet?

- Answers given by dictionaries
- But no official answers from authorities!
- Origin of "Balanced Diet": first recorded in 1935 - 1940



Definitions

(a) Noun or substantive:

A diet consisting of the proper quantities and proportions of foods needed to maintain health or growth

(b) In medicine:



A diet that furnishes in proper proportions all of the nutrients necessary for adequate nutrition

(c) In culture:

A diet that contains the proper proportions of carbohydrates, fats, proteins, vitamins, minerals, and water necessary to maintain good health



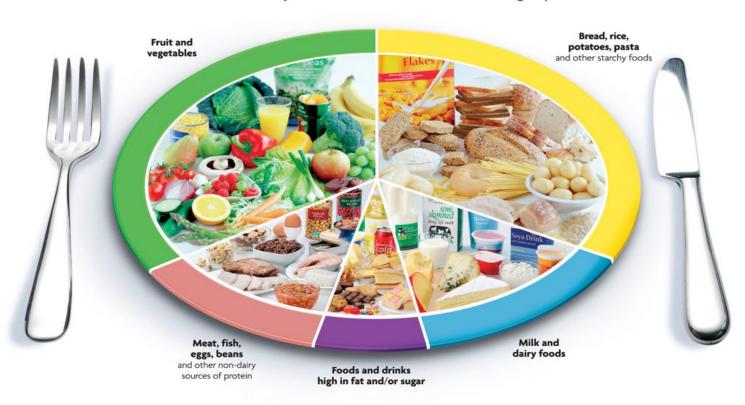
- 1. Eatwell plate dietary pattern BNF (British Nutrition Foundation)
- 2. The Lebanon Eastern Mediterranean Diet (Source: FAO)
- **3. Turkey Nutrition Recommendations**
 - > Approximate quantities of daily foods (Source: FAO)

Nutrition Recommendations – British Nutrition Foundation

UK Food Standards Agency: The eatwell plate

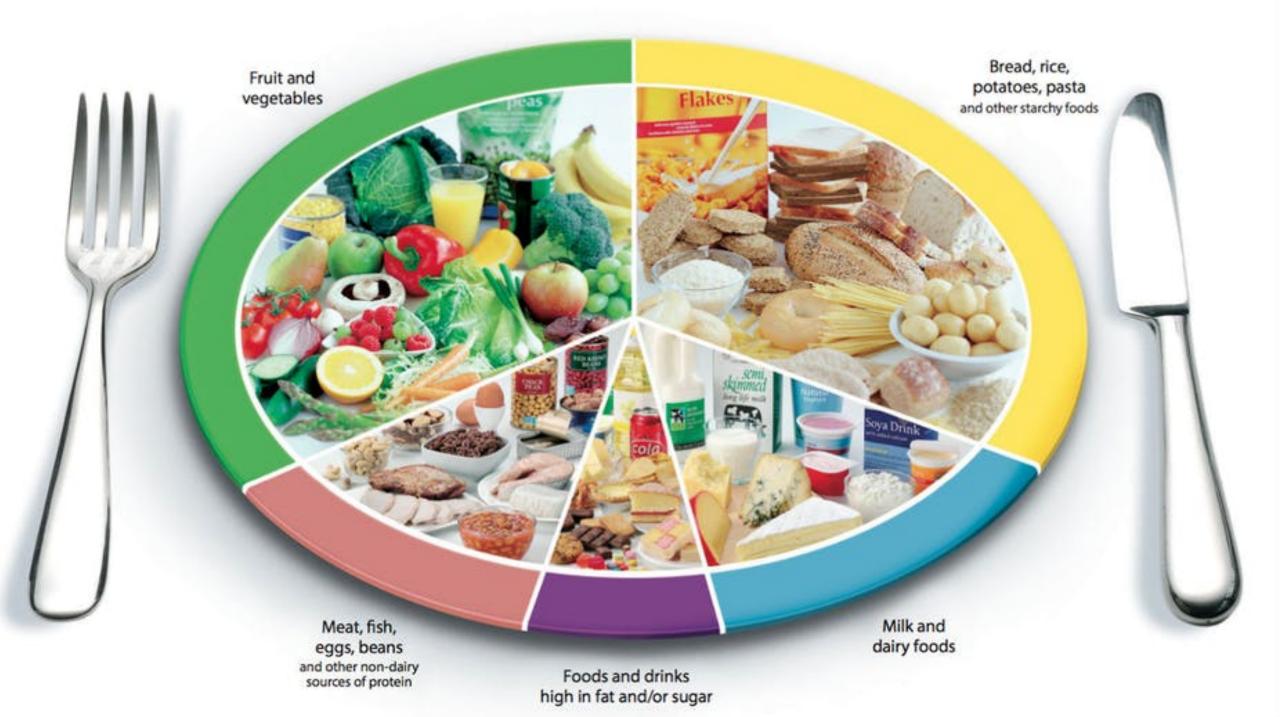
Balanced Diet

Use the eatwell plate to help you get the balance right. It shows how much of what you eat should come from each food group.









Balanced Diet Nutrition Recommendations – British Nutrition Foundation



fdf – Food and Drink Federation – Used for Labelling

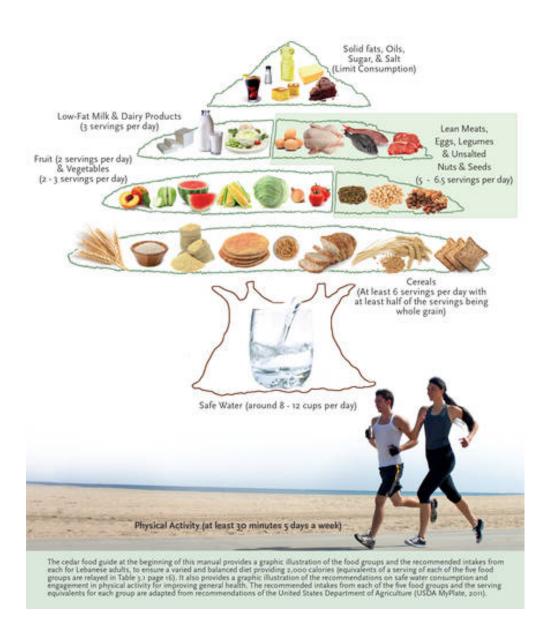
Reference Intakes for energy and selected nutrients (adults)								
Energy or nutrient	Reference Intake							
Energy	8400kJ / 2000kcal							
Total fat	70g							
Saturates	20g							
Carbohydrates	260g							
Sugars	90g							
Protein	50g							
Salt	6g							

N.B. The RIs for an adult are based on the requirements for an average female with no special dietary requirements and an assumed energy intake of 2000 kcal.

Balanced Diet Nutrition Recommendations – Eastern Mediterranean countries – Lebanon Source: FAO

THE LEBANESE CEDAR FOOD GUIDE





Balanced Diet Nutrition Recommendations – Turkey Source: FAO



DIETARY GUIDELINES FOR TURKEY



Annex-2/Table 3: Approximate Quantities of Daily Foods that Meet Energy and Nutrients (g/day)

and a state of the		CHILI	DREN		BOY-GIRL ADULT MALE A			ADUI	DULT FEMALE		
Age (Year)	0-1	1-3	4-6	7-9	10-18	10-18	19-65	65+	19-50	51-65	65+
Food Groups											
1. Group											
Milk Group											
Total	800	600	500	500	600	600	450	600	450	600	600
Milk, Yogurt	700	500	350	350	450	450	300	450	450	450	450
Cottage cheese	20	20	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
2. Group											
Meat, egg, legume											
Total	80	110	120	130	165	155	140	130	150	130	130
Meat, chicken, fish	15	30	40	50	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Egg	50	50	50	50	25	25	10	10	25	10	10
Leguminous seeds	15	30	30	30	40	30	30	20	25	20	20

Balanced Diet Nutrition Recommendations – Turkey Source: FAO



3. Group											
Fresh Vegetable											
and Fruit											
Total	150	250	300	450	500	500	600	600	600	600	600
Green and Yellow	50	100	100	100	150	150	200	200	200	200	200
Others	100	150	200	350	350	350	400	400	400	400	400
4. Group											
Cereals											
Bread	20	50	100	200	350	300	300	200	250	150	125
Rice, bulgur, spaghetti, flour	20	40	50	60	100	60	80	60	75	50	40
Fat, oil and sweets											
Total fat											
Fat	10	15	20	30	60	50	40	30	40	20	20
Oil	5	7	10	15	30	25	20	15	20	10	10
Oily Seeds, nuts	5	8	10	15	30	25	20	15	20	10	10
Sweets Total	0	10	10	10	10	10	5	0	10	5	0
Sugar	40	50	50	50	70	60	50	50	50	50	40
Honey, jam, molasses etc.	30	30	30	30	40	30	30	30	30	30	20
	10	20	20	20	30	30	20	20	20	20	20



Content





The reality of human eating and drinking behavior



How to escape the reality dilemma



Principle thoughts and Conclusion

The reality of human eating and drinking behavior British Reality – British Nutrition Foundation



Comment of BNF:

The Eatwell plate model has been promoted in the UK for many years, though most of us still eat too much saturated fat, sugar and salt, too little fiber, and too few fruits and vegetables

The reality of human eating and drinking behavior **Reality check – Real Examples (1)**



EllyJob: SecretaryAge: 25Weight: 55kg (Ideal: app. 53.5)Size: 1,65m

Lifestyle:

Breakfast, most of the time no lunch break, sometimes a coffee break, dinner at home, wants to reduce weight (reduction of calories), Smoker

Nutritional behavior:

Breakfast: half bread roll with butter and some low-fat quark, small spoon jam, 2 cups of coffee with a shot of whole milkMorning break: bread roll with ham

Lunch: a cup of natural yoghurt, 1 apple, 2 spoons of oat flakes, 1 cup of coffee

Coffee break: 1 cup of coffee, sometimes cookies

Dinner: pork chops, some French fries, endive salat with cream sauce

Her personal perception: with the cookies in the afternoon, this is already too much to lose weight

kcal	Α	B1	B2	Niacin	Panto	B6	Folic A	С	D	E	Biotin
2200,0	800,00	1100,0	1400,0	16000	6000	1400,0	200,00	80000	5,000	12000,0	50,00
110%	49%	142%	83%	126%	58%	72%	46%	39%	32%	94%	77%

The reality of human eating and drinking behavior **Reality check – Real Examples (2)**



WilliJob: Retired, widowAge: 65+Weight: ??kgSize: ??m

Lifestyle:

Breakfast, walking with his dog, lunch usually soft meals due to issue with his teeth (soups or smashed foods), having a 1h nap after lunch, afternoon coffee, then reading his newspaper

Nutritional behavior:

Little breakfast:1 slice of crisp bread with butter and strawberry jam, a cup of yoghurt with sugar,
no info on any drinkLunch:spinach, smashed potatoes and fried eggCoffee:1 cup of coffee, 1 piece of cake

Dinner: white bread with ham and cheese, sour cucumber, 1 bottle of beer (0,5 l)

Evening snack: 1 bottle of beer, a box of butter cookies

kcal	Α	B1	B2	Niacin	Panto	B6	Folic A	С	D	E	Biotin
1900,0	800,00	1100,0	1400,0	16000	6000	1400,0	200,00	80000	5,000	12000,0	50,00
144%	128%	58%	93%	94%	60 %	90%	72%	58%	34%	97%	73%

The reality of human eating and drinking behavior **Reality check – Real Examples (3)**

Alex Job: Construction engineer Age: 45 Weight: ??kg Size: ??m

Lifestyle:

Start with morning jogging and large breakfast, driving to the office a/o visiting construction areas, lots of walking also on stairs, no break, lunch either in company canteen or having a burger, likes hearty food, no afternoon coffee, dinner at home

Nutritional behavior:

Little breakfast:2 bread rolls ham, cheese, jam, honey, 2 cups of coffeeLunch:Spaghetti with tomato sauce, 1 orange in the afternoonCoffee:no coffee breakDinner:potatoes with bacon and Vienna sausages, 1 bottle of beer (0,5 l)Evening snack:potato crisps, 1 bottle of beer

kcal	Α	B1	B2	Niacin	Panto	B6	Folic A	С	D	E	Biotin
3000	800,00	1100,0	1400,0	16000	6000	1400,0	200,00	80000	5,000	12000,0	50,00
127%	90%	112%	78%	147%	47%	106%	55%	87%	24%	93%	23%



The reality of human eating and drinking behavior **Result of the Reality Check**



> Many people exceed the needed calorie intake!

- a. Resulting in increasing issues of obesity
- **b.** By not achieving the daily intake recommendation for important micro-nutrients

→ The issue for Hidden hunger

c. But they have fun !!!

Question: for how long ???

The reality of human eating and drinking behavior **Conclusion of the reality check**



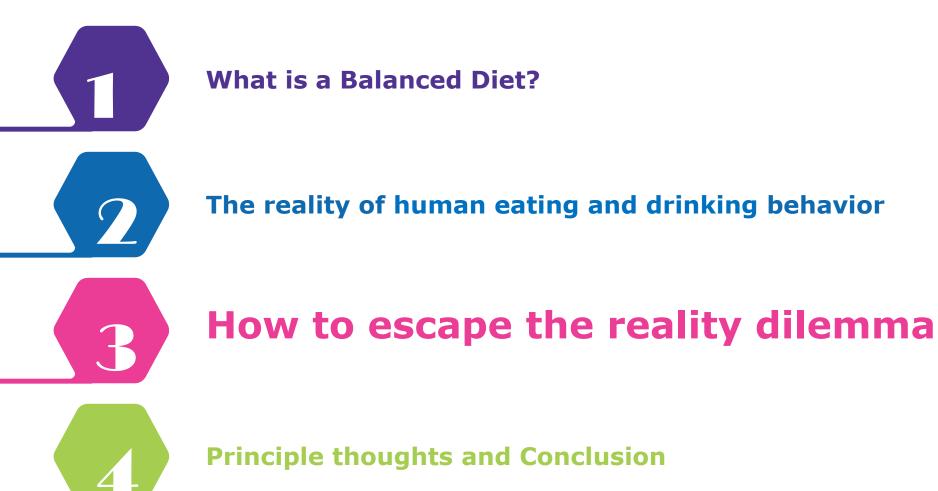
People are very unlikely to change their beloved eating behavior (or lifestyle)

- a. Adapt food intake to their daily circumstances
- **b.** Enjoy meals like dinner as social event with family or friends
- c. Enjoying good tasting food
- **d.** Enjoying nice tasting sweets, sweet drinks or moderate alcoholic drinks
- e. They are not counting their micro-nutrient intake and are not aware of their sufficient intake

Government policies seem to fail !!!

Porc

Content



How to escape the reality dilemma **Strategies**



1. Don't paternalize people

- a. Who likes to get told what to do or not to do?
- **b.** Provide options which are better adapted to the reality of human lifestyle and behavior!
- **c.** Translate "academic language" into "lifestyle messages"
- 2. Education
 - a. Focus on very few, but important messages!
 - **b.** Keep messages simple

3. Offer potential alternatives!

How to escape the reality dilemma **Strategies**



3. What are potential Alternatives

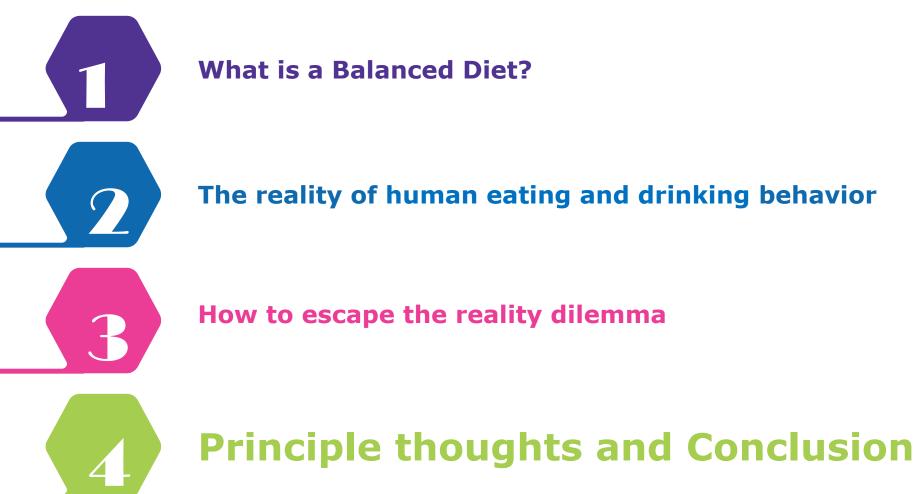
- a. Functional Foods meeting "Lifestyle requirements"
- **b.** Food innovation recognizing the "changing lifestyles"

4. Policy changes

- a. Make Health Maintenance part of Food & Nutrition Policy
- **b.** Adapt to modern lifestyle
- c. Consider Supplementation as part of "balanced nutrition"
- **d.** Food Supplements are foods, but ...:
 - a. they should not be taken instead of a balanced diet
 - **b.** they should be part of a balanced diet



Content



Principle thoughts and Conclusion **Some ideas**



1. Re-define "Calorie intake"

- a. Calorie intake is not a number!
- b. Weight control means: Input Output = 0 instead of: don't eat too much Watch your body every morning in a mirror !
- c. Physical activity and lifestyle define the "Output"

2. Possible related messages:

- a. Eat what you like just burn it !!!
- **b.** Watch a proper fiber intake \rightarrow possible sources are ...
- c. Take care to get all your micro-nutrients \rightarrow possible sources are ...

Principle thoughts and Conclusion **Some ideas**



3. Re-define "Balanced Nutrition"

- a. Food Supplements (FS) are Foods and not Medicines
- **b.** FS should be part of a Balanced Nutrition
- c. Balanced Nutrition empowers people to manage the Maintenance of their Health
- d. Health Maintenance reduces the risk for NCDs

4. Food Supplements

- a. Have to be save like all other foods
- **b.** Should be regulated and controlled as foodstuff
- c. Should be part of the Government Health Policy

Principle thoughts and Conclusion **Some ideas**



5. Government Health Policy

Needs the joint effort of the related Government Institutions

- a. Ministry of Health
- **b.** Ministry of Agriculture

But who is responsible for what ???





Thank you very much !

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